

High Q^2 results from HERA

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on behalf of the



&



Collaborations

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Overview

HERA : unique e-p collider

↪ study Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS)

$(27.6 \text{ GeV}) e^{\pm} \implies \bullet \bullet \longleftarrow p (820 \text{ GeV})$
In 1998 proton energy : $820 \text{ GeV} \nearrow 920 \text{ GeV}$

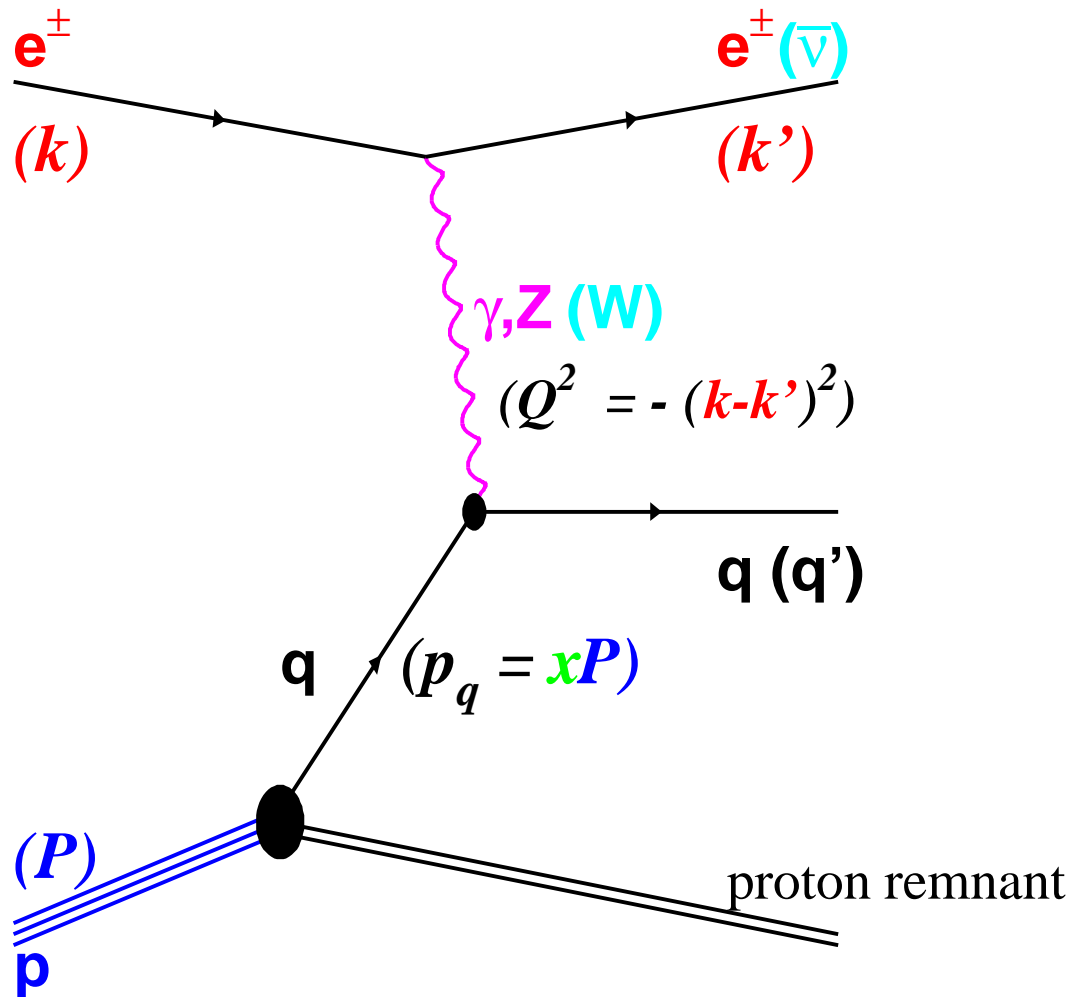
↪ \sqrt{S} increased from 300 GeV to 320 GeV

H1 and ZEUS have data covering 1994 to spring 2000.
Each experiment has recorded about 100 pb^{-1} of data
($80 \text{ pb}^{-1} e^+ - p$ and $20 \text{ pb}^{-1} e^- - p$)

This talk : High Q^2 domain ($\geq 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$)

- Inclusive Cross-sections
 - Neutral Current (NC)
 - Charged Current (CC)
 - Attempts to interpret deviations wrt Standard Model
- W production
 - High P_T isolated leptons

e - p DIS Kinematics



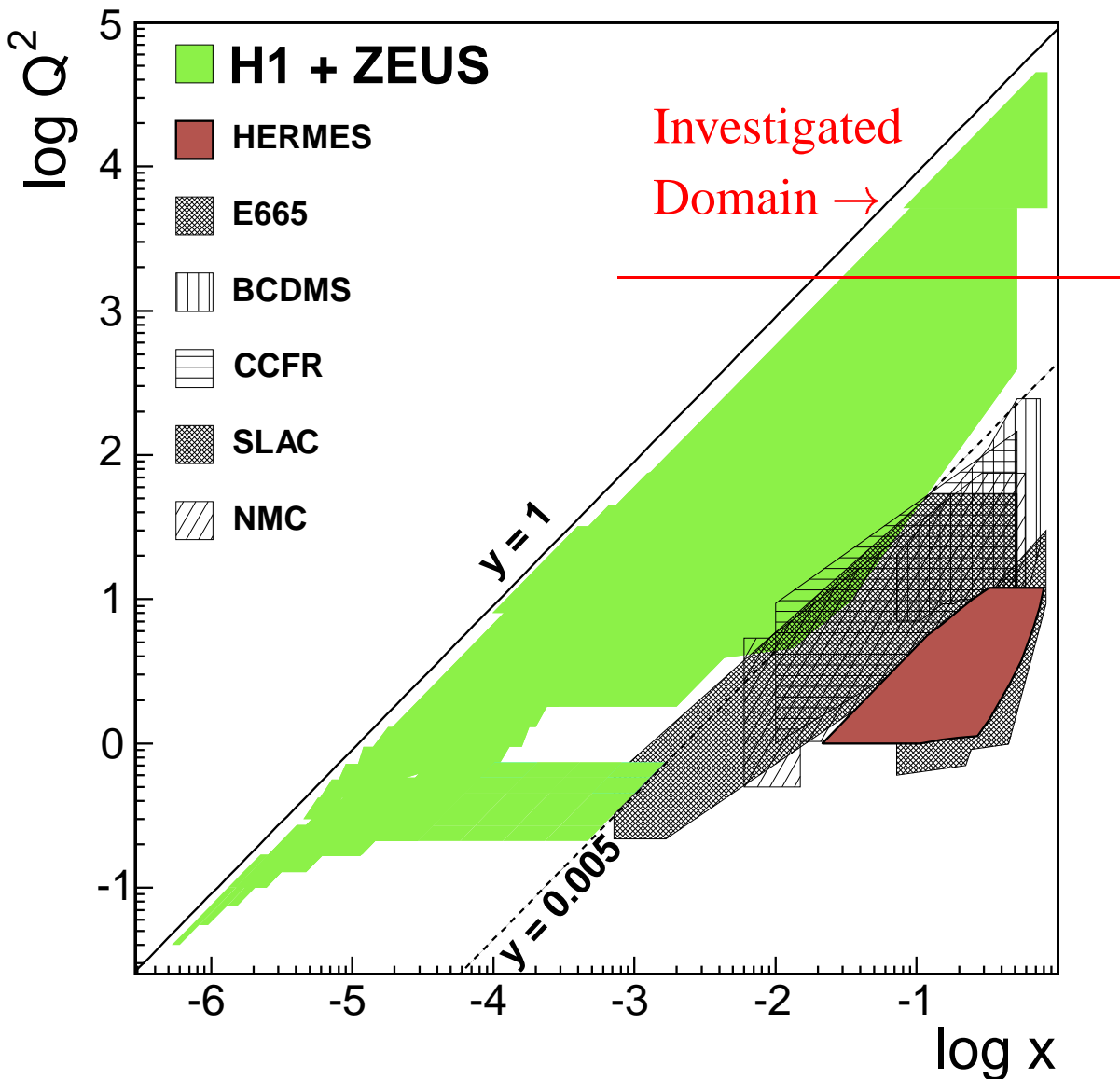
Variables :

- Q^2 = Squared Four Momentum Transfer
- x = Fractional parton momentum
- y = Inelasticity
- s = Squared C.M. Energy
- M^2 = Squared Lepton-parton invariant mass

$$Q^2 = xys = My$$

Physics Motivations

- Probe the proton down to $d \sim 1/Q \sim 10^{-18}$ m
 - Probe physics in a region where electromagnetic (γ) and weak (W,Z) interactions are of comparable strength
- ⇒ Test the Standard Model with our highest Q^2 data
- ⇒ Study eventual deviations from the SM at high Q^2



Most of kinematically accessible plane now covered

The Data

Available data sets

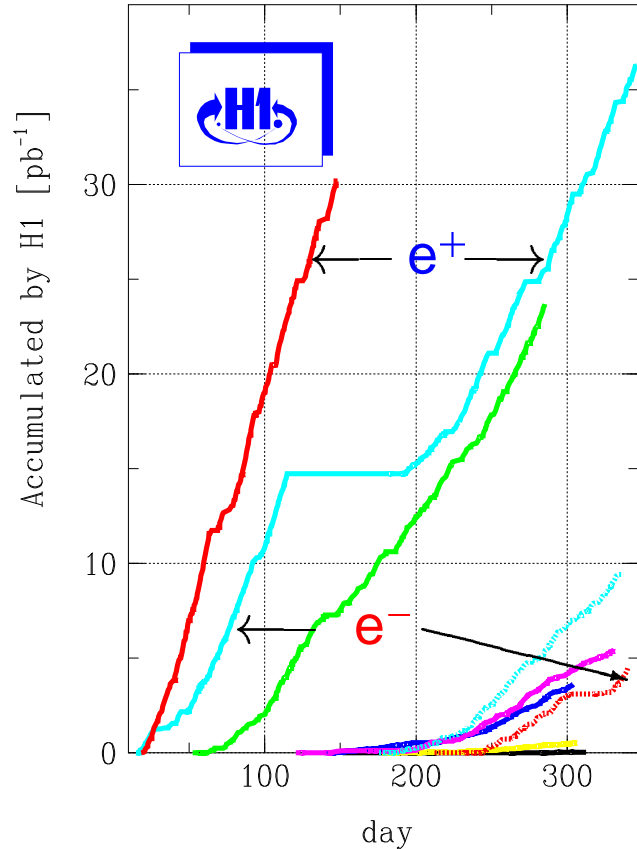
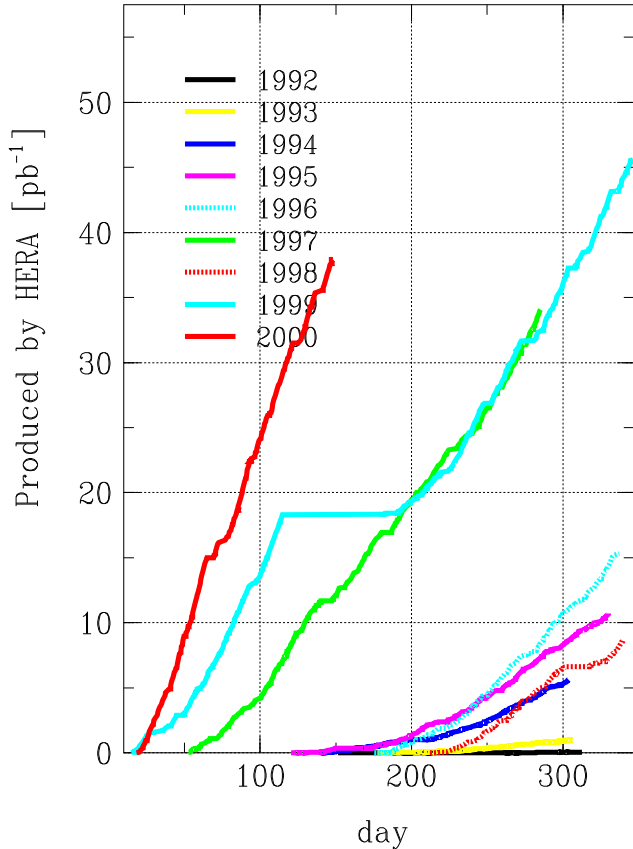


- 1994 - 1997 : e^+ -p (820 GeV) 37 pb^{-1} 48 pb^{-1}
 - 1998 - 05/1999 : e^- -p (920 GeV) 18 pb^{-1} 16 pb^{-1}
 - 07/99 - 05/2000 : e^+ -p (920 GeV) $\sim 50 \text{pb}^{-1}$ $\sim 50 \text{pb}^{-1}$
- (continue to 09/2000)

High int. luminosities \Rightarrow statistics in high Q^2 domain

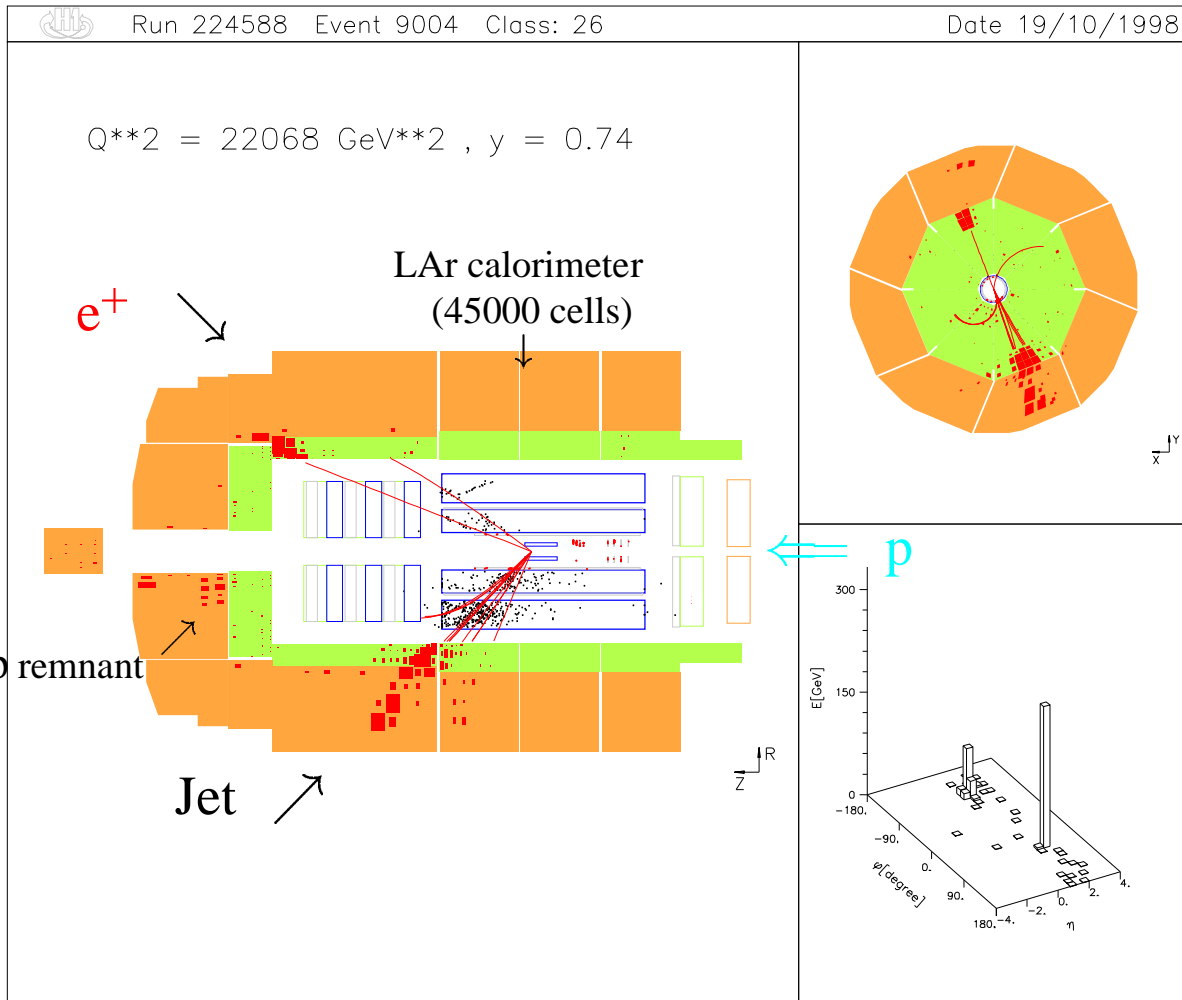
\rightarrow study both e^+ -p and e^- -p interactions for 1st time

INTEGRATED LUMINOSITY (29.05.00)



NC Event Signature

- Charged track with EM energy associated to it
- Hadronic energy (jet)

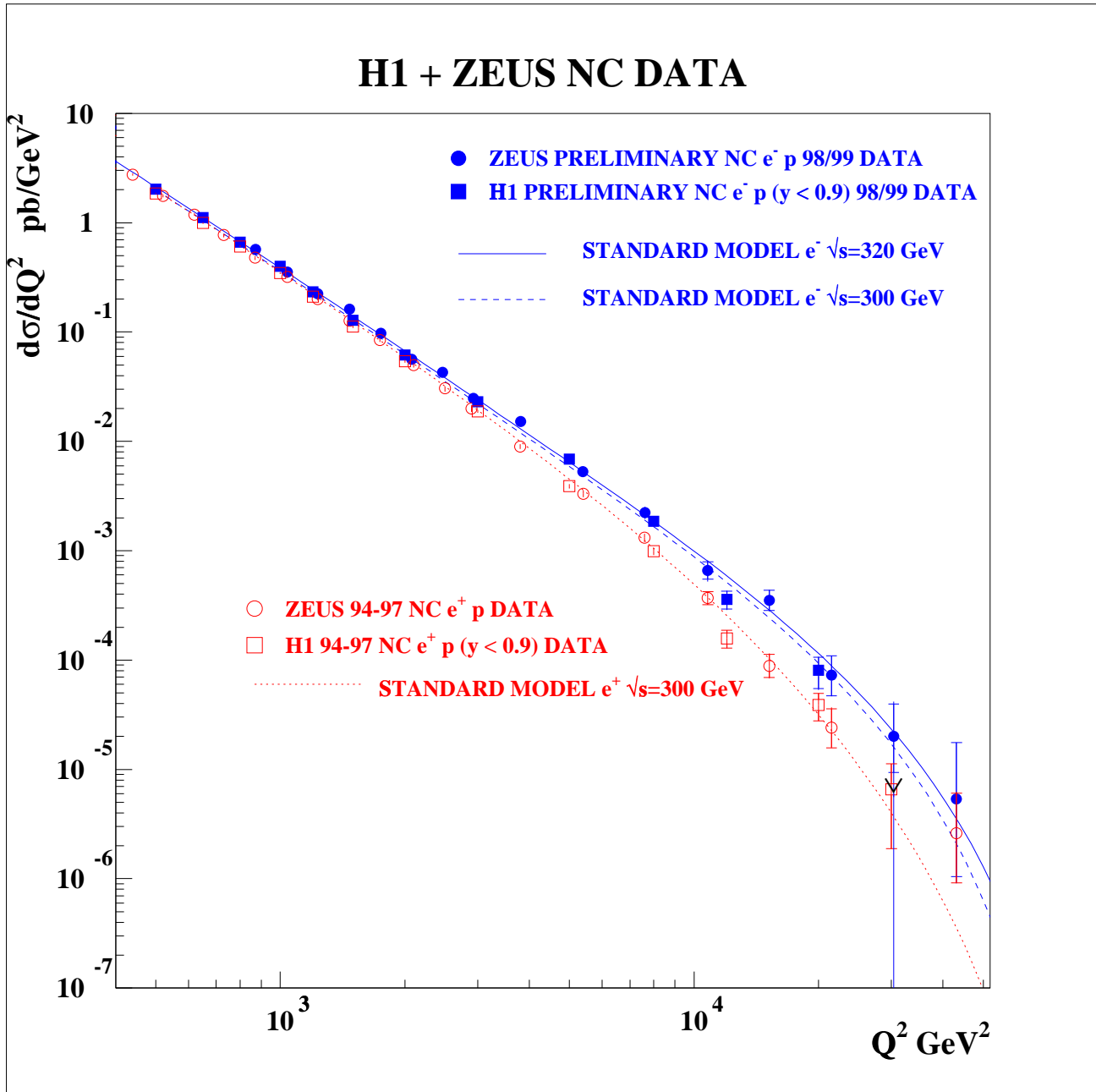


Main Event Selection Criterion :

Electromagnetic energy in LAr Calorimeter

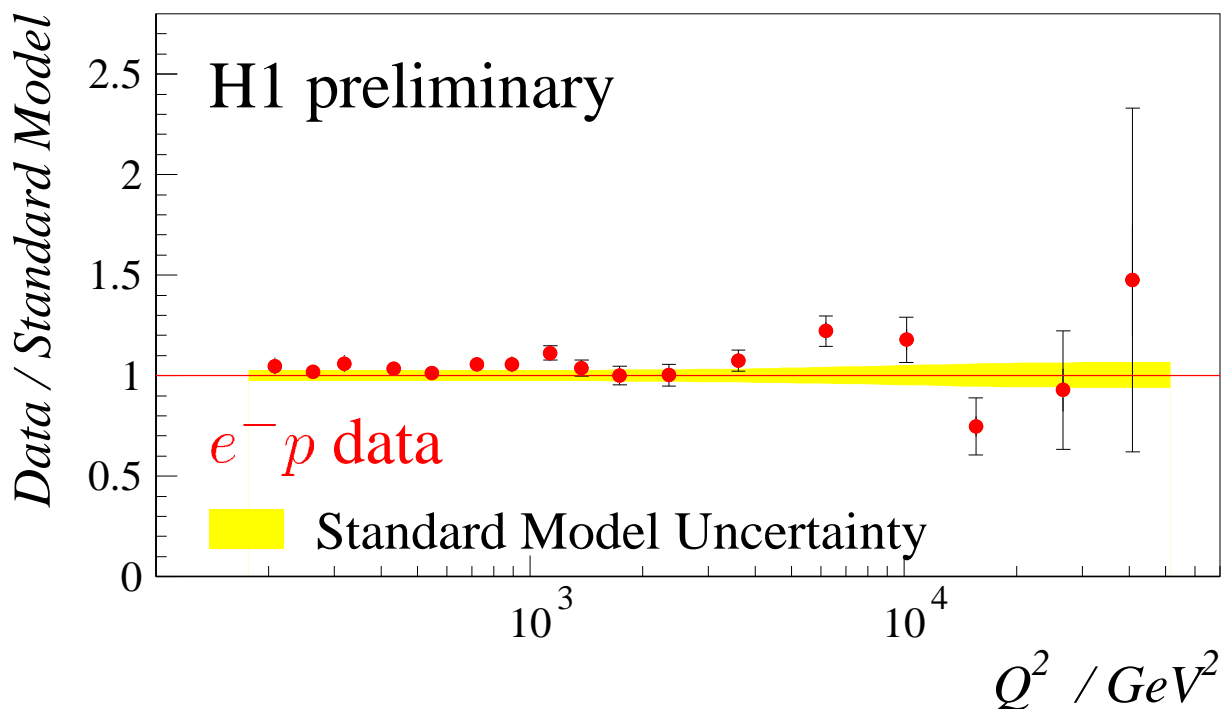
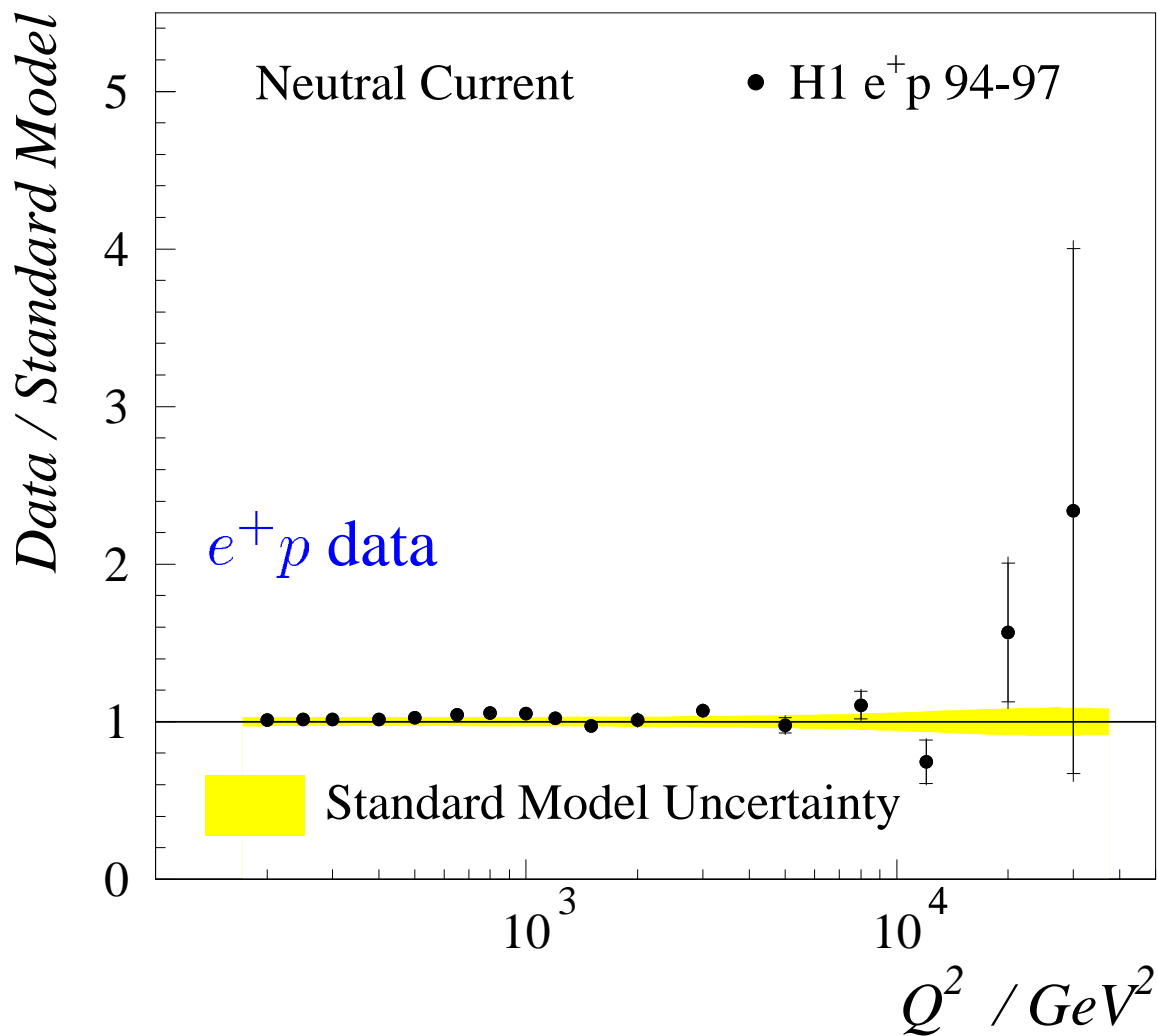
Overconstrained kinematics \implies good determination of e and jet parameters (angle, energy deposition)

$d\sigma/dQ^2$ NC : $e^+ - p$ vs $e^- - p$ data



- HERA data : agree with pQCD on wide Q^2 range
- $d\sigma/dQ^2$ drops by ~ 7 orders of magn. over 2 orders in Q^2
- $\sigma(e^- - p) > \sigma(e^+ - p)$ at $Q^2 \geq 5000 \text{ GeV}^2$, due to $\oplus \gamma/Z$ interference in $e^- - p$ (\ominus in $e^+ - p$)

NC $d\sigma/dQ^2$ Compared to Standard Model



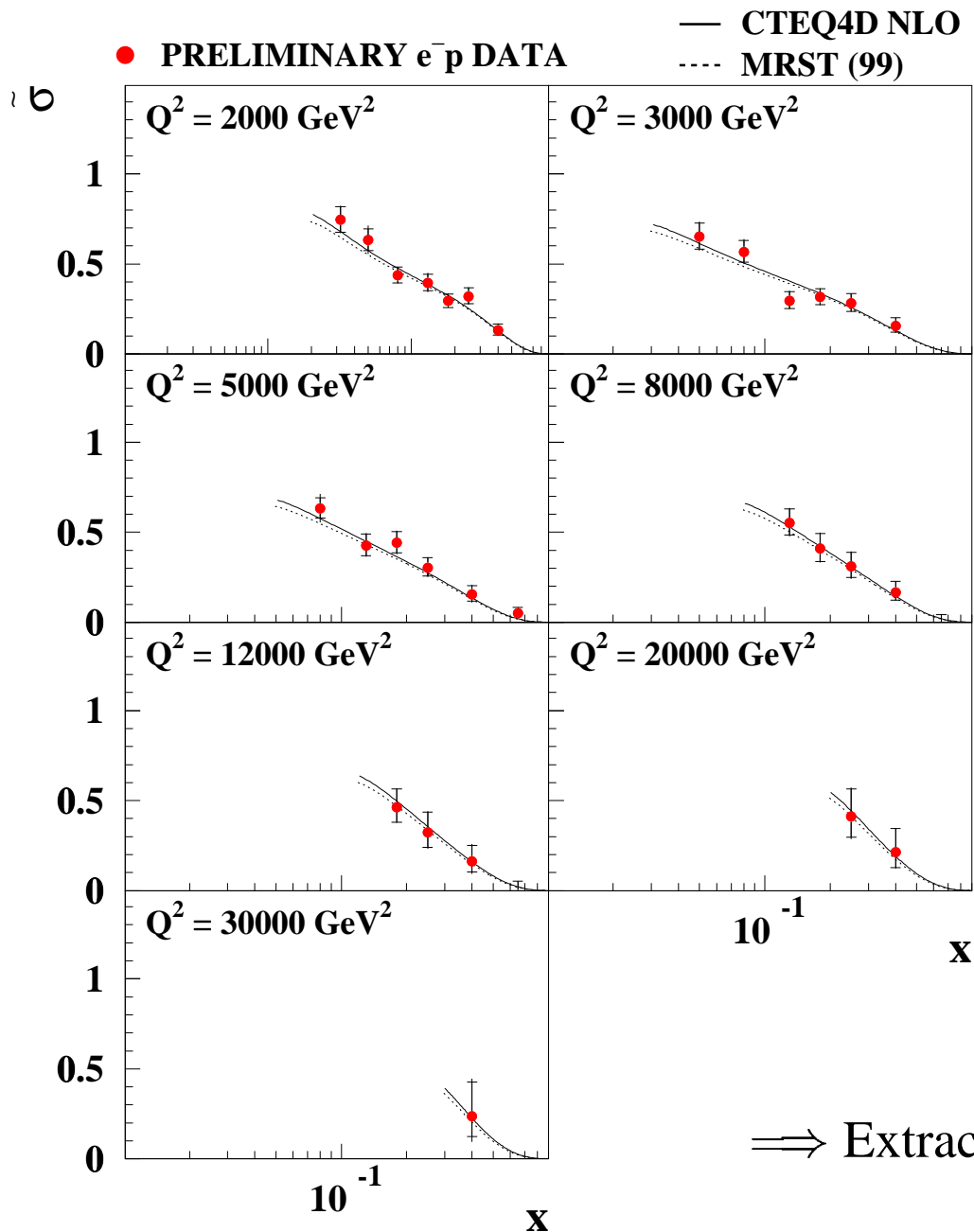
NC e^+p and e^-p $d\sigma/dx$

Define **reduced NC cross section** :

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{NC} = x \frac{Q^4}{2\pi\alpha^2 Y_+} \frac{d^2\sigma^{NC}}{dx dQ^2}$$

$$Y_+ = 1 + (1 - y)^2$$

ZEUS NC 1998-99



Extraction of $x F_3$ from $\tilde{\sigma}(e^+ p)$ and $\tilde{\sigma}(e^- p)$

Reminder :

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma_{\text{Born}}^{NC}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} (Y_+ F_2(x, Q^2) - y^2 F_L(x, Q^2) \mp Y_- x F_3(x, Q^2))$$

$$\text{with } Y_{\pm} = 1 \pm (1 - y)^2$$

- sign of $x F_3$ term depends on lepton charge
- $y^2 F_L$ contribution negligible at high Q^2

Data sets used here ( Analysis) :

- σ^+ (1996 - 1997) $e^+ - p$ (820 GeV) 30 pb⁻¹
- σ^- (1998 - 1999) $e^- - p$ (920 GeV) 16 pb⁻¹

Different E_p (proton beam energies) \implies need $Y_{\pm}^{E_p}$

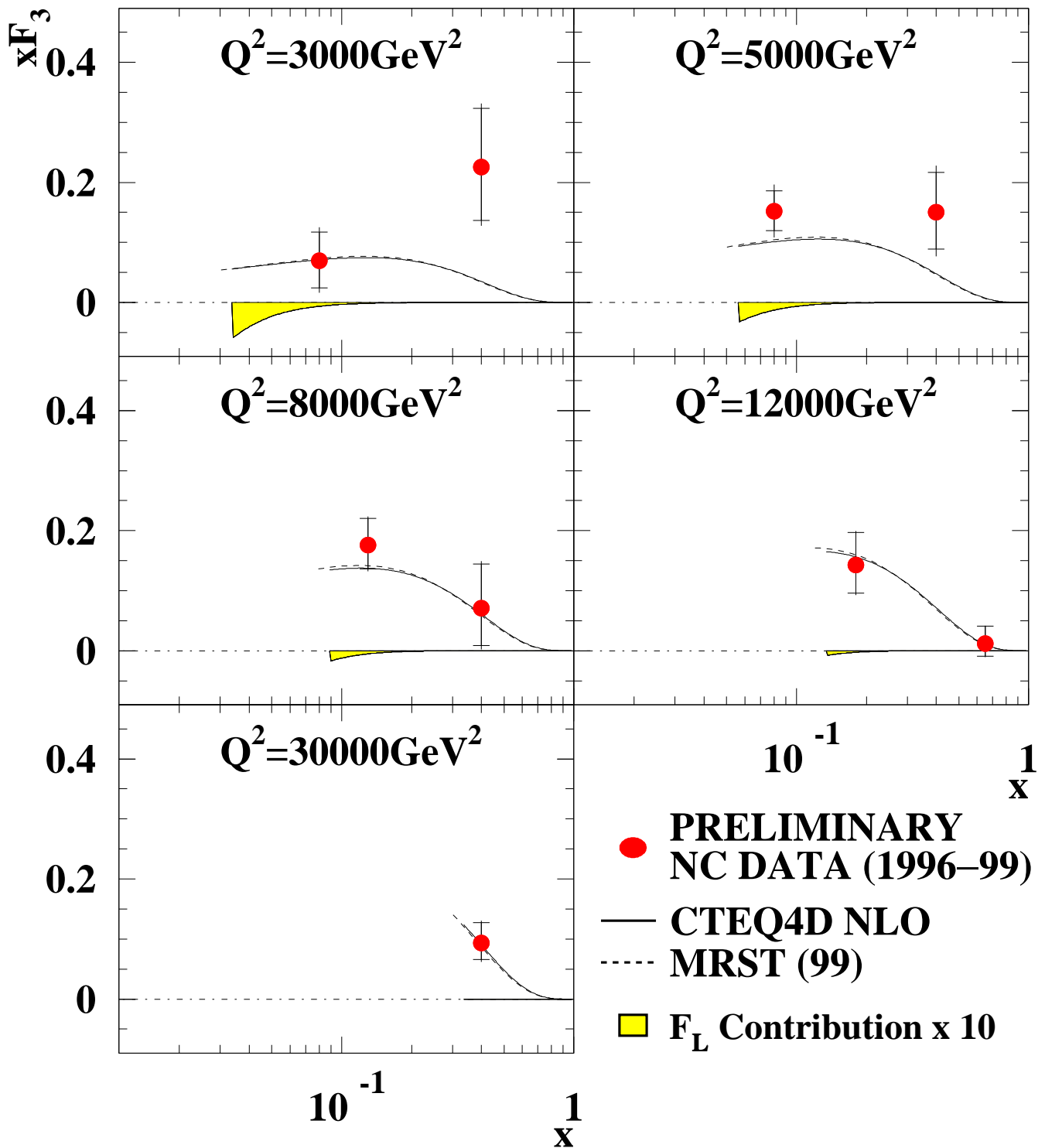
$$\sigma^+ = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} \cdot (Y_+^{820} \cdot F_2 - Y_-^{820} \cdot x F_3)$$

$$\sigma^- = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} \cdot (Y_+^{920} \cdot F_2 + Y_-^{920} \cdot x F_3)$$

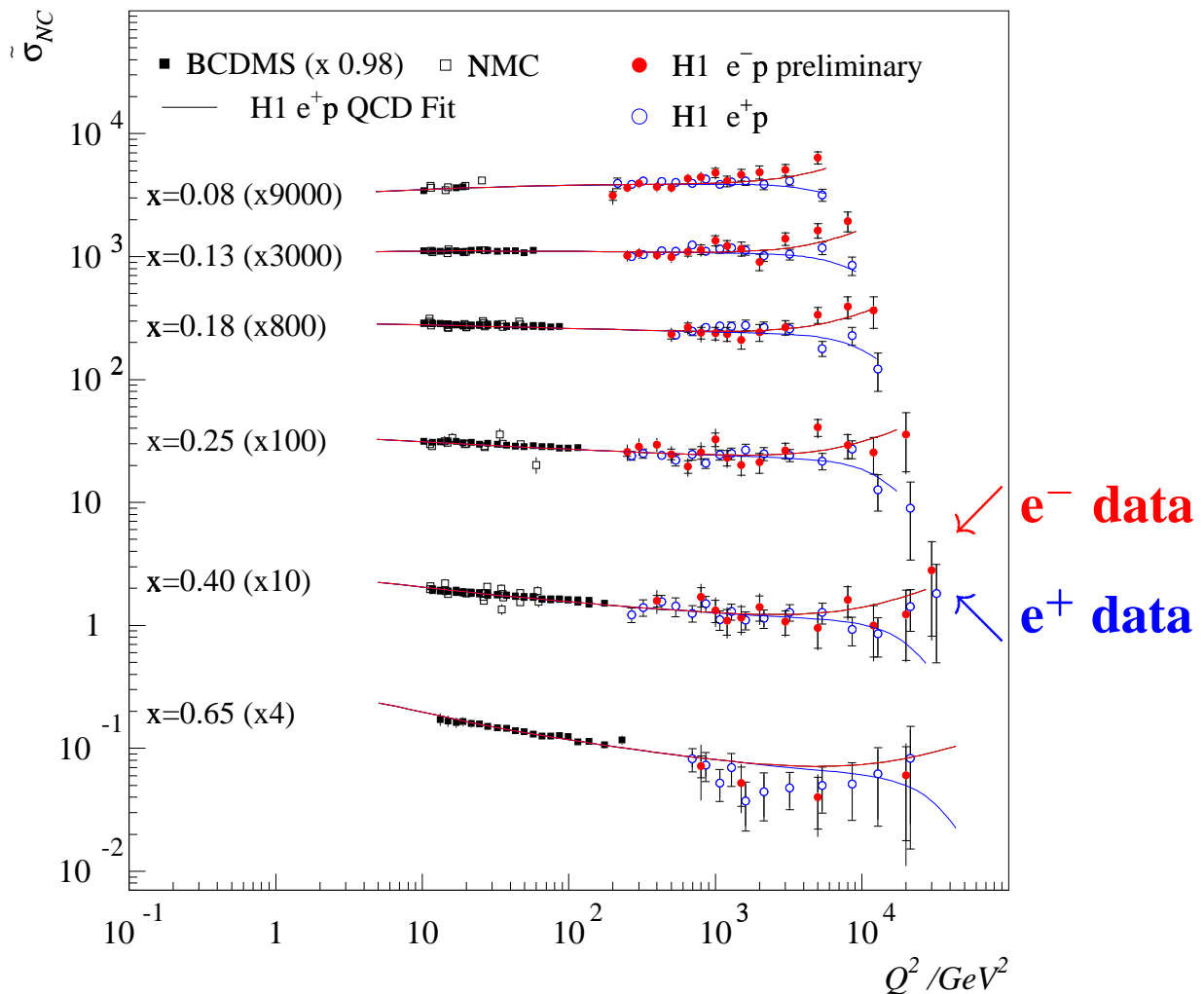
\implies Using reduced cross sections $\tilde{\sigma}$, extract $x F_3$:

$$x F_3 = \left(\frac{Y_-^{820}}{Y_+^{820}} + \frac{Y_-^{920}}{Y_+^{920}} \right)^{-1} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{Y_+^{920}} \cdot \tilde{\sigma}^- - \frac{1}{Y_+^{820}} \cdot \tilde{\sigma}^+ \right)$$

ZEUS NC 1996–99



QCD fit of fixed target and HERA data

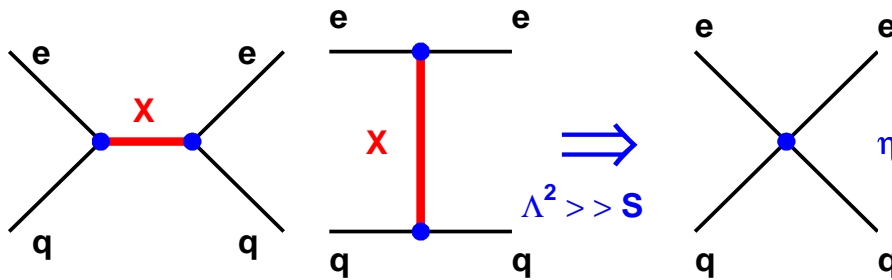


pQCD is tested over ~ 4 orders of magnitude in Q^2

- in e^+ data at high Q^2 , excess at $x \sim 0.4$ mainly due to events in 94-96 (e^+) data sample
- wait for more statistics !

BSM : Contact Interactions

- High Q^2 domain : **the place** to look for New Physics, Beyond the Standard Model (BSM)
- Processes with characteristic energy scale $\Lambda \gg \sqrt{S}$: parameterized as **Contact Interactions CI**



4-Fermion ($eeqq$) CI with effective coupling $\eta_{ij}^q = \epsilon_{ij}^q \frac{4\pi}{\Lambda^2}$
 (Only vector terms considered ; scalar and tensor terms beyond sensitivity of HERA)

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{CI}$$

with

$$\mathcal{L}_{CI} = \sum \eta_{ij}^q (\bar{e}_i \gamma^\mu e_i) (\bar{q}_j \gamma_\mu q_j)$$

$\epsilon_{ij}^q = \pm 1$ (allows positive or negative interference)

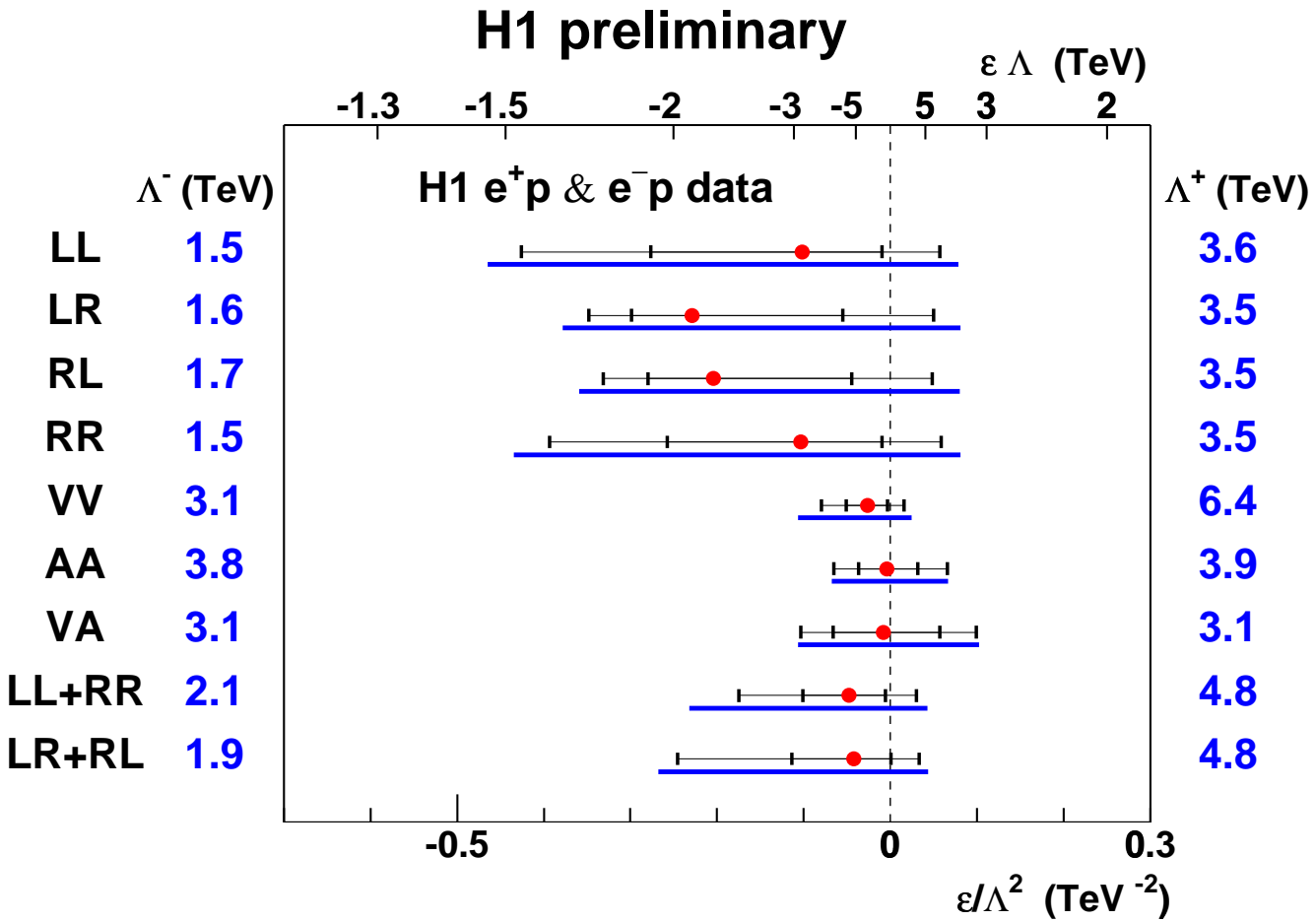
$i, j = L, R$; $q = u, d$

$|CI|^2 + \text{Interference} \implies CI \text{ affect } d\sigma/dQ^2 \text{ and } d\sigma/dx$

\implies Look for **distorsions of Q^2 spectrum**

\implies Fit to $d\sigma/dQ^2$ yields **limits on Λ**

Limits for Compositeness Models



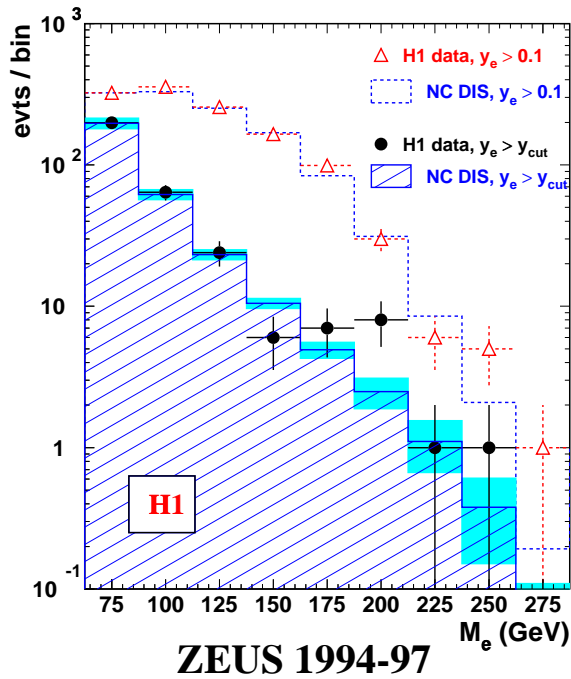
• show Λ values for best fit

- H1 limits from combined e^+p and e^-p data
- Similar results from ZEUS (e^+p) (other models also investigated)
- LEP (ALEPH) limits often more stringent (stronger hypotheses)

Status of HERA Searches for eq Resonances

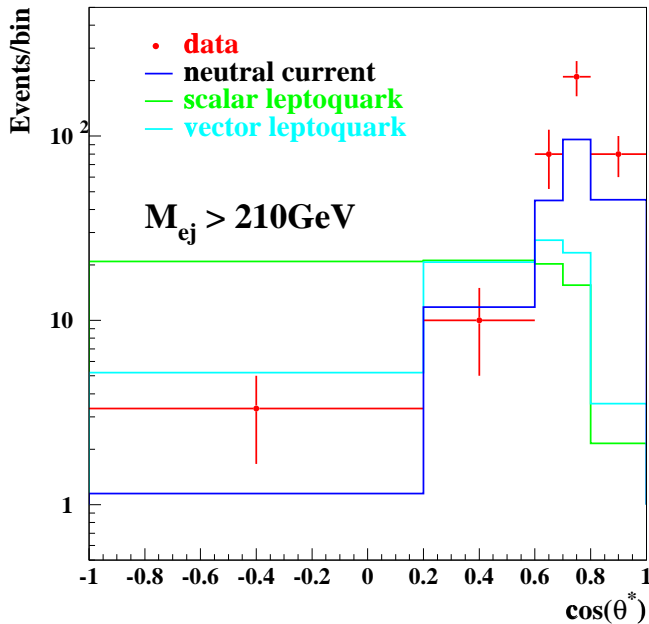
94-97 e^+p data

H1 and ZEUS analyses **published**



H1

- **Optimised** angular cut dedicated to $\nearrow S/B$ (e.g. here for **scalar LQ**)
- **Slight excess** around 200 GeV at high y , mainly due to 94-96 events



ZEUS

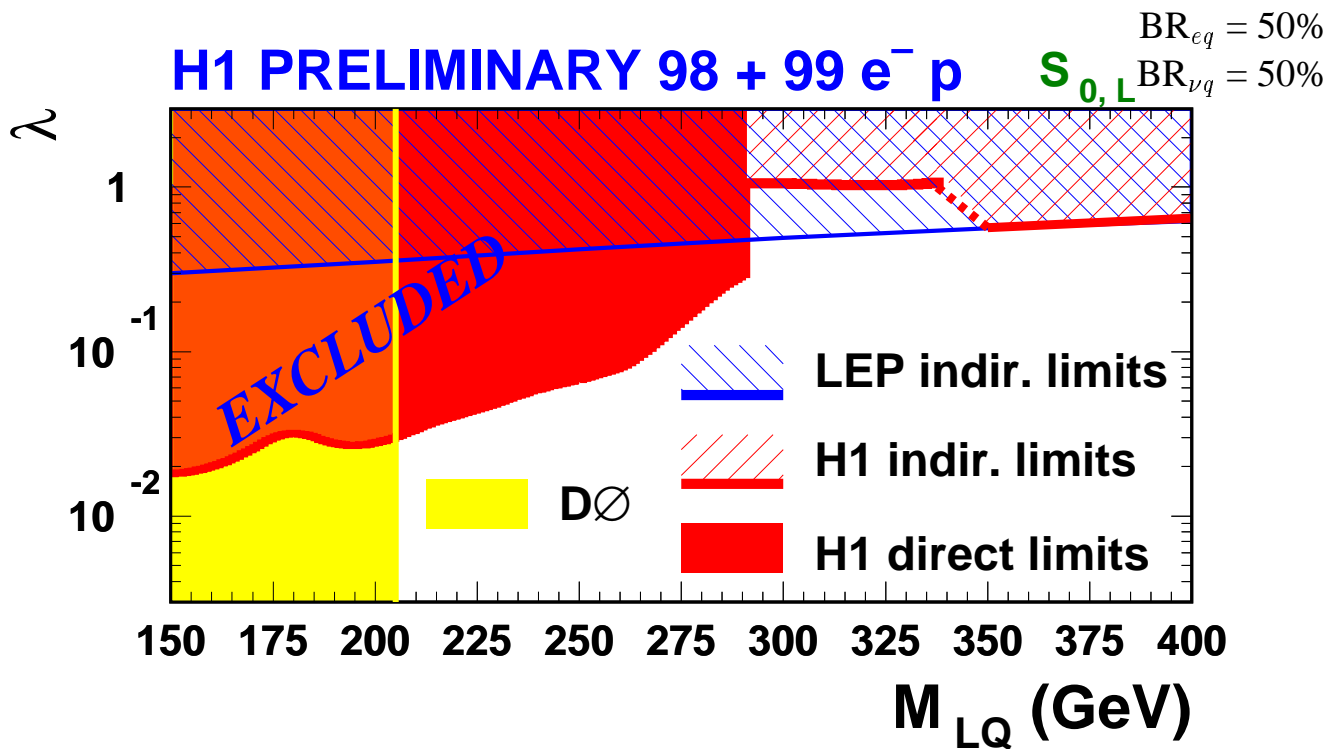
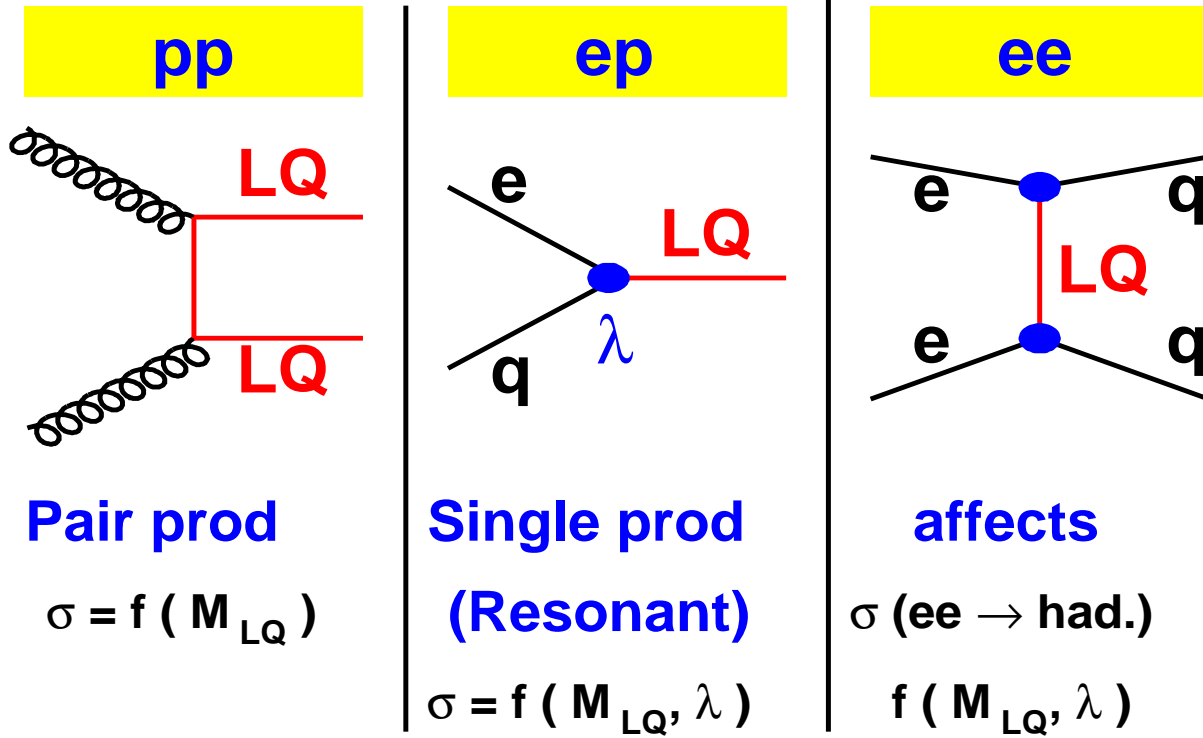
- **General** search for eq resonance
- **slight excess** at high M_{ej} and low y
- **Not statistically compelling**

98-99 e^-p data

ZEUS and H1 \Rightarrow **Preliminary** results

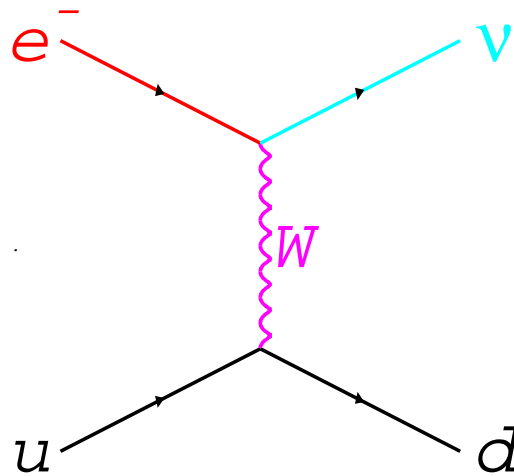
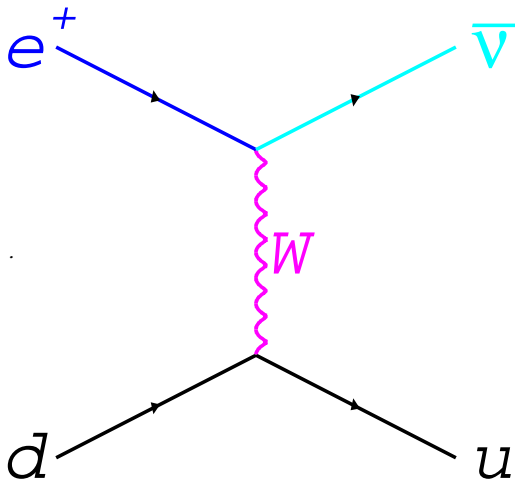
\Rightarrow e^-p data show no deviation from SM prediction

Leptoquarks : Summary of Current Limits



Complementarity of HERA data with LEP and TeVatron

Charged Current Interactions (CC)



$$e^+p \longrightarrow \bar{\nu}X$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi} \left(\frac{M_W^2}{M_W^2 + Q^2} \right)^2 (\bar{u} + \bar{c} + (1-y)^2(\bar{d} + \bar{s}))$$

$$e^-p \longrightarrow \nu X$$

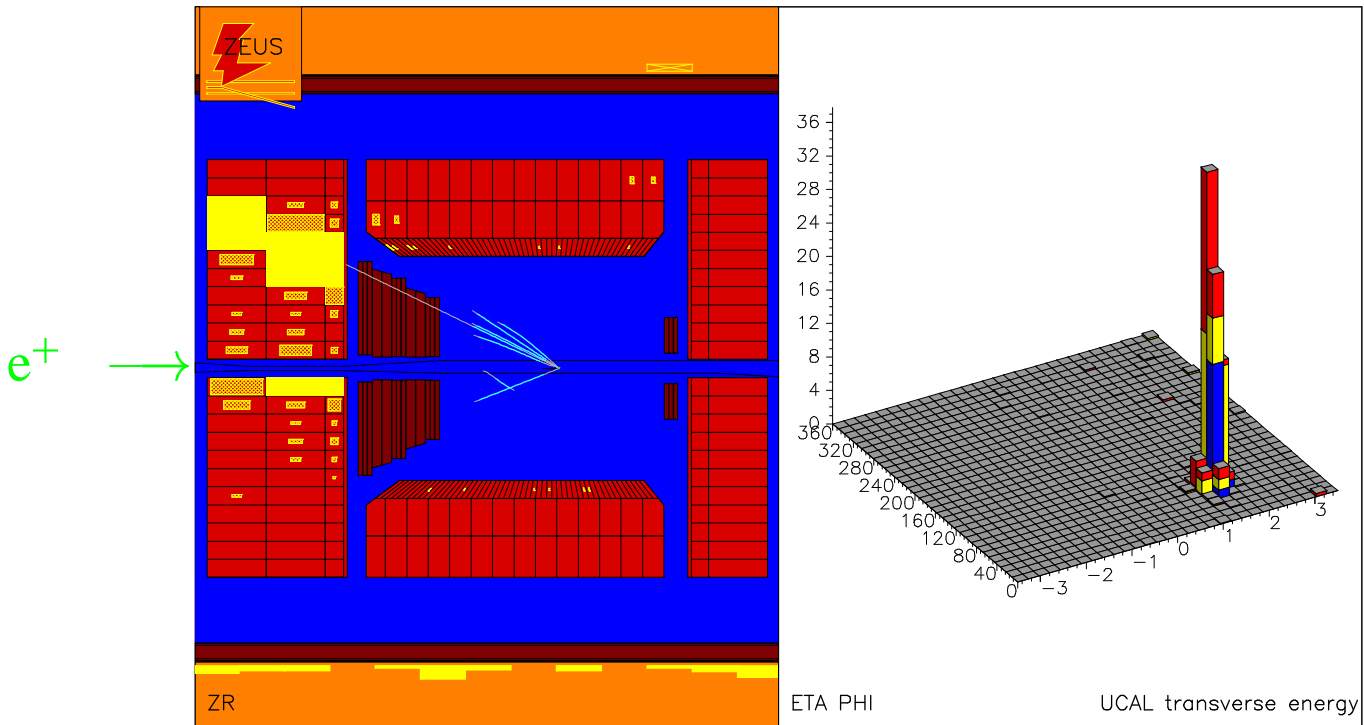
$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi} \left(\frac{M_W^2}{M_W^2 + Q^2} \right)^2 (u + c + (1-y)^2(\bar{d} + \bar{s}))$$

Focus on :

- e^+p and e^-p CC cross sections
- Propagator mass \implies determine M_W
- Quark - antiquark composition

CC event Selection

Signature : Missing P_T (ν) + Hadronic energy (jet)



Main Event Selection Criteria

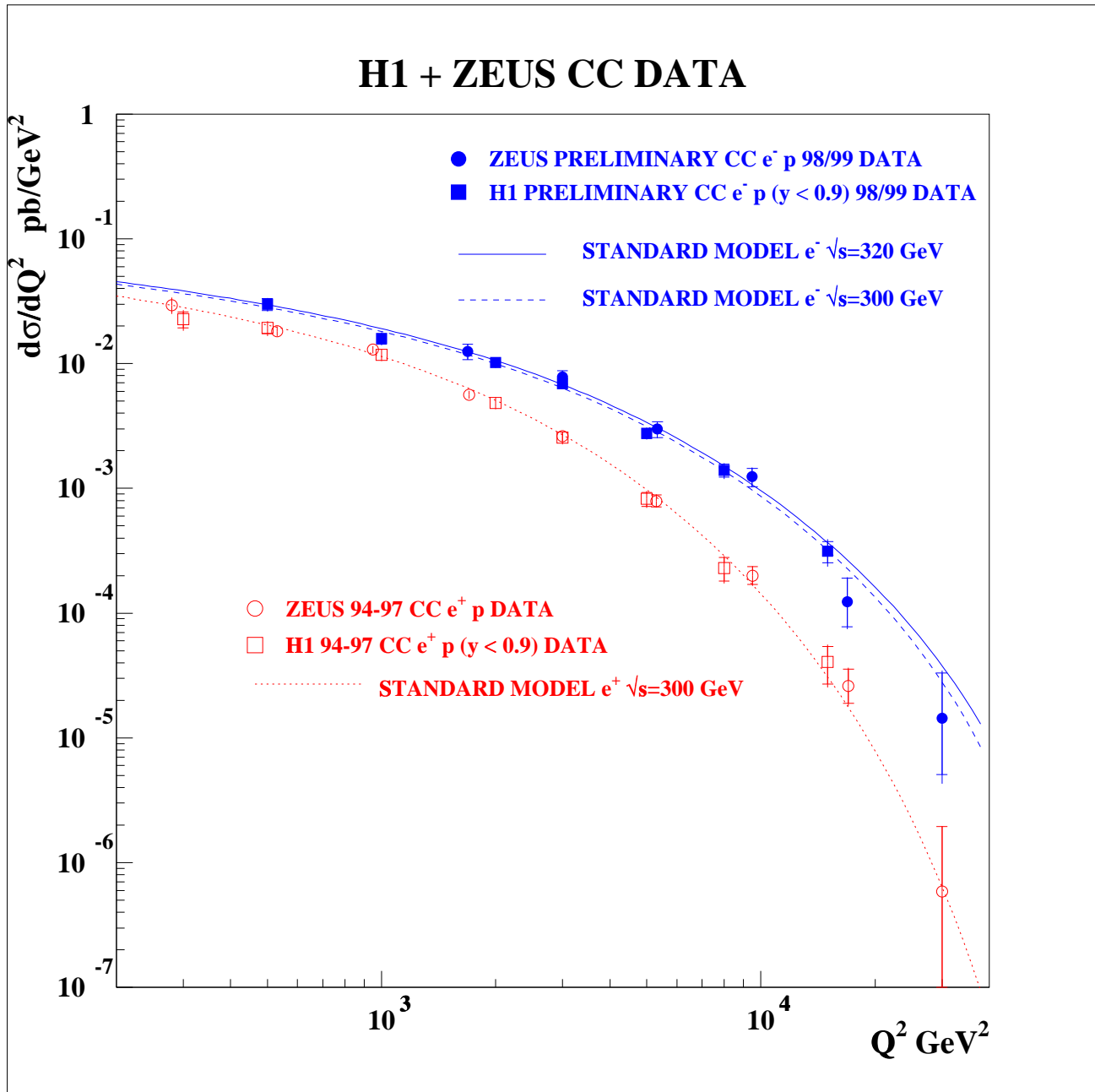
- Missing P_T : $P_T > P_{Tmin}$
- Also vertex, timing, ...

Reconstruction largely based on **hadronic calorimeter** data

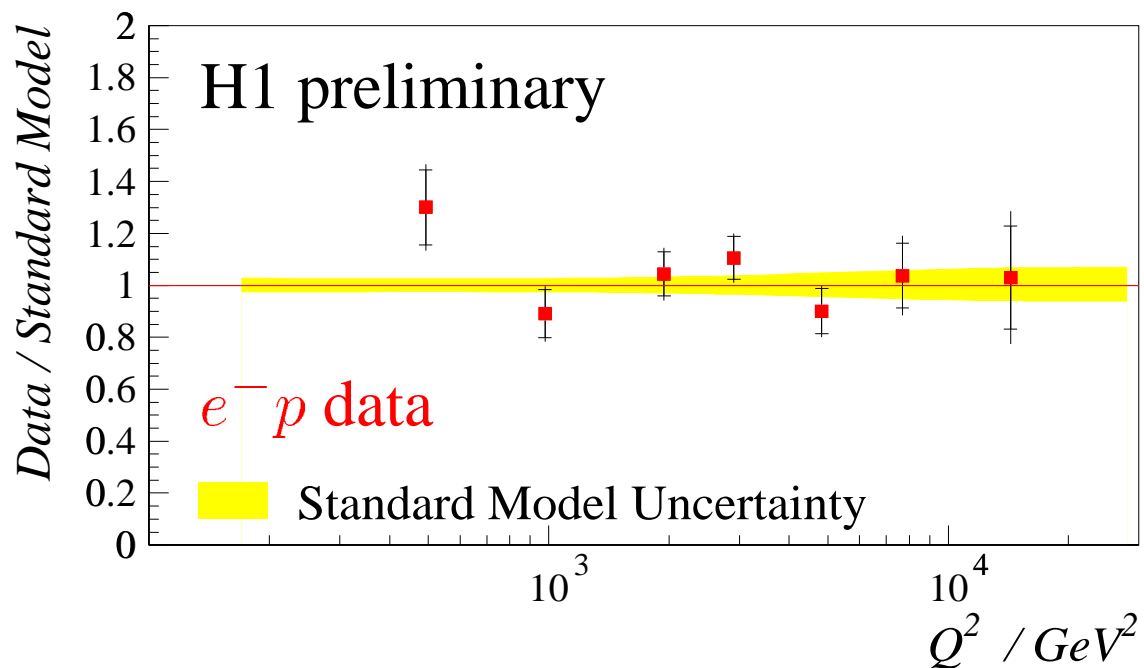
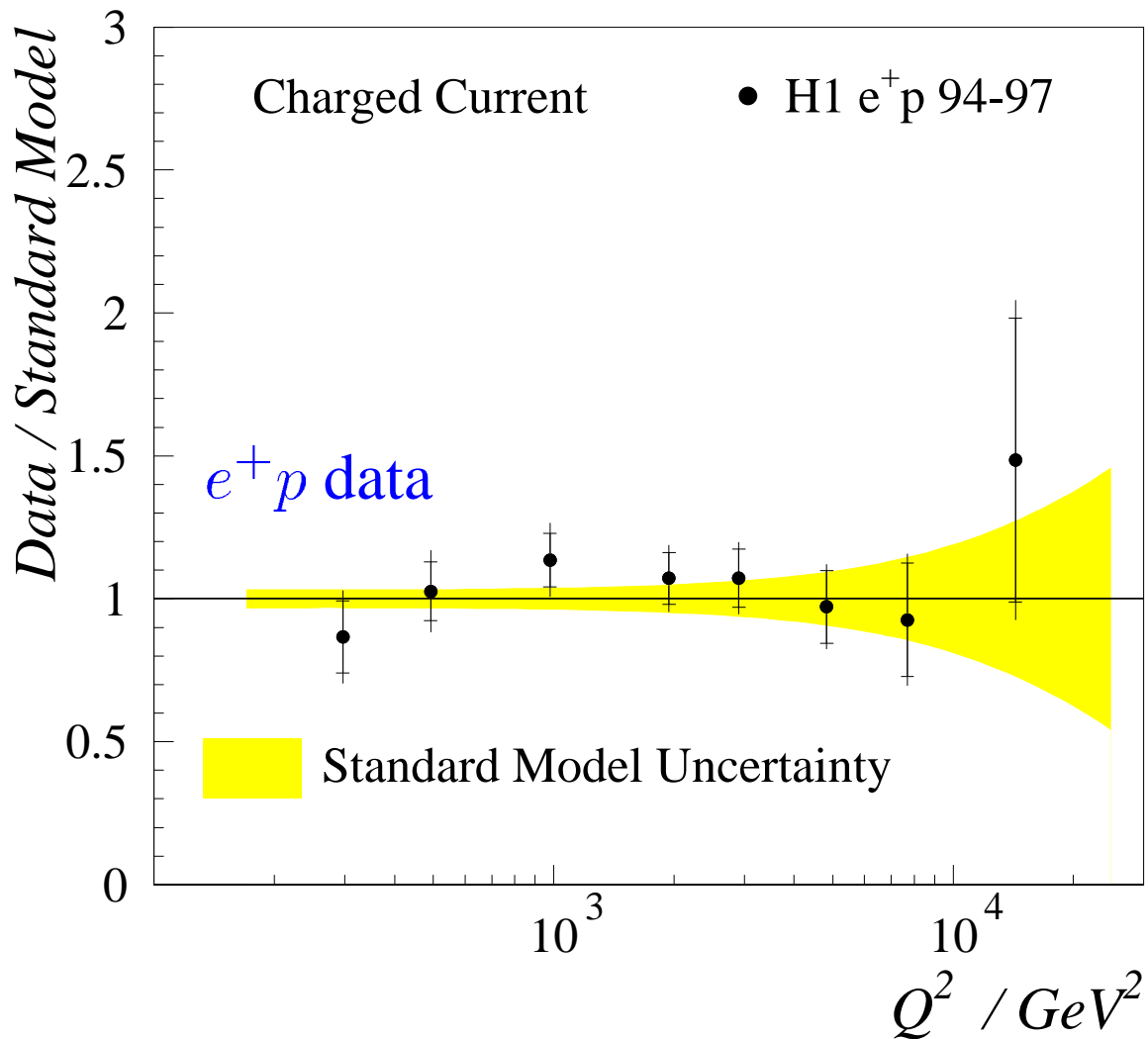
- $(E - p_z)_{had}$ and $P_{T,had} \implies Q^2, x, y$
- Good understanding of **hadronic energy scale** is essential

Observe good agreement MC \iff Data

$d\sigma/dQ^2$ CC : e^+ -p vs e^- -p data



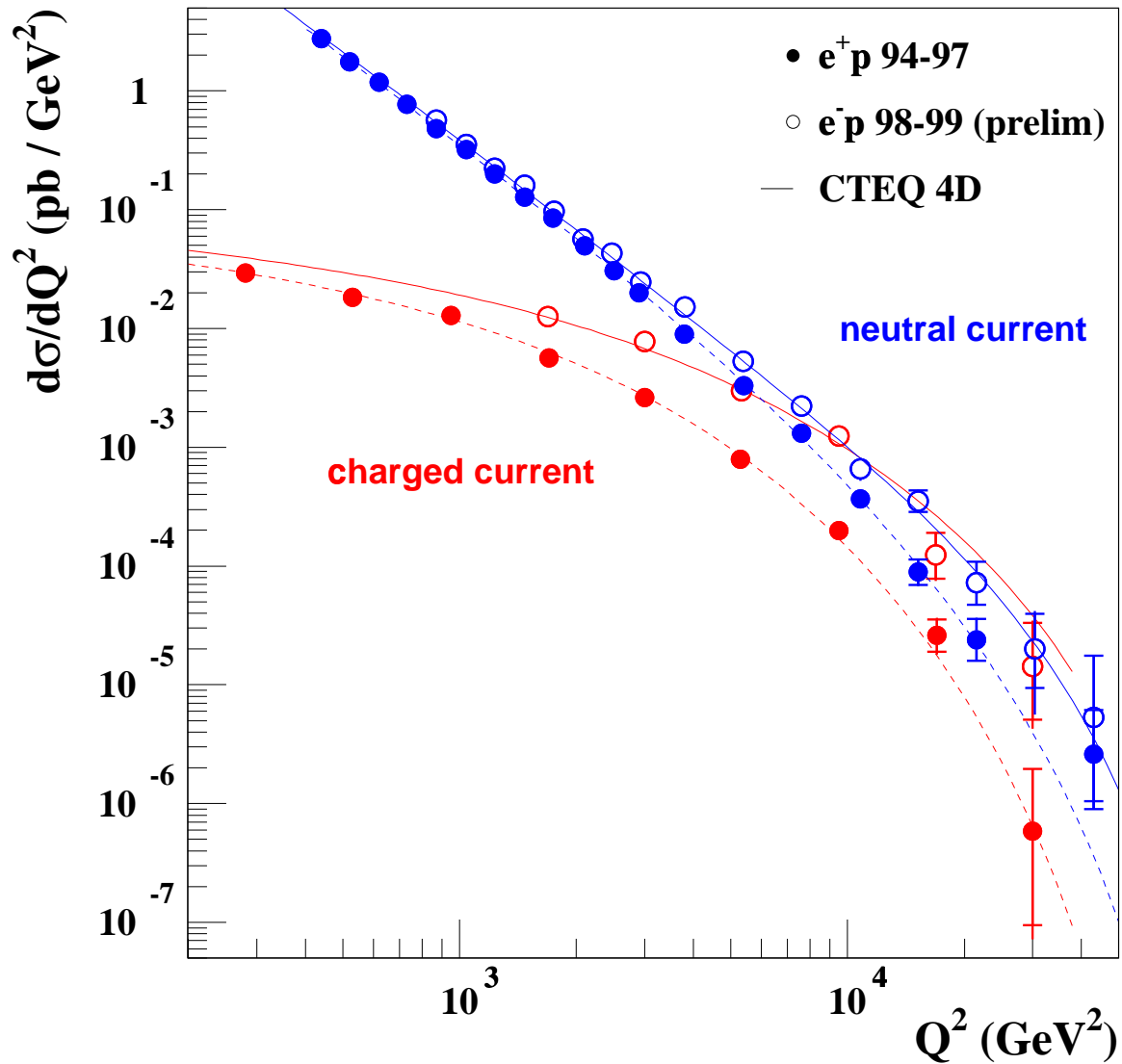
CC $d\sigma/dQ^2$ Compared to Standard Model



Electroweak Unification

Compare **NC** and **CC** cross sections for e^+p and e^-p

ZEUS DIS Cross Sections



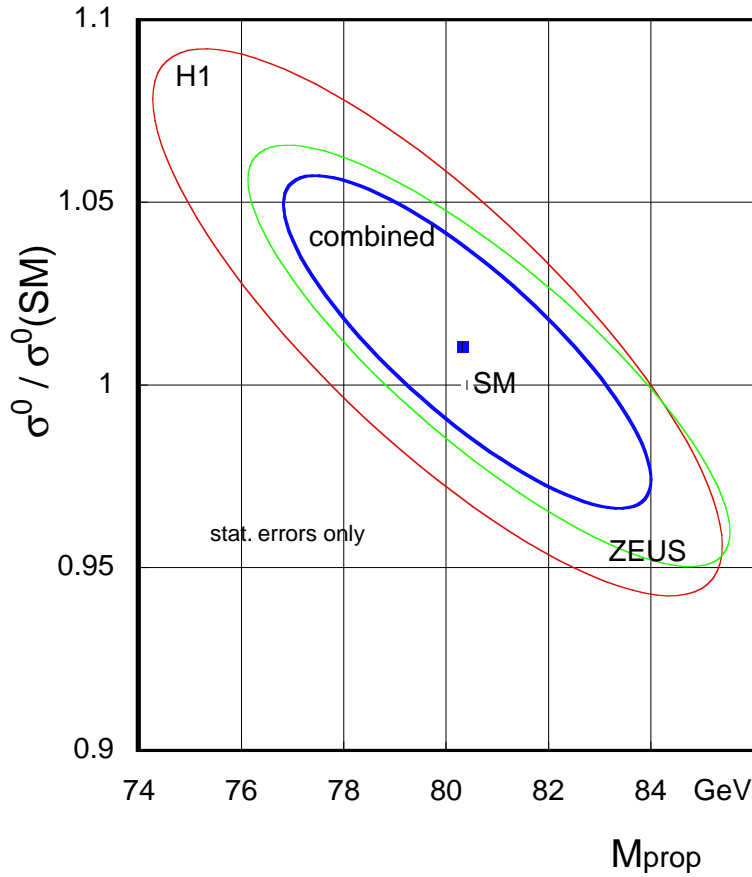
For large Q^2 **NC** and **CC** cross sections of similar size

Test of EW Theory from CC $d\sigma/dQ^2$

CC $d\sigma/dQ^2$ cross section contains propagator term :

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2} \propto G_F^2 \left(\frac{M_W^2}{M_W^2 + Q^2} \right)^2$$

\Rightarrow Fit to Q^2 dependence of CC $d\sigma/dQ^2$ gives M_W



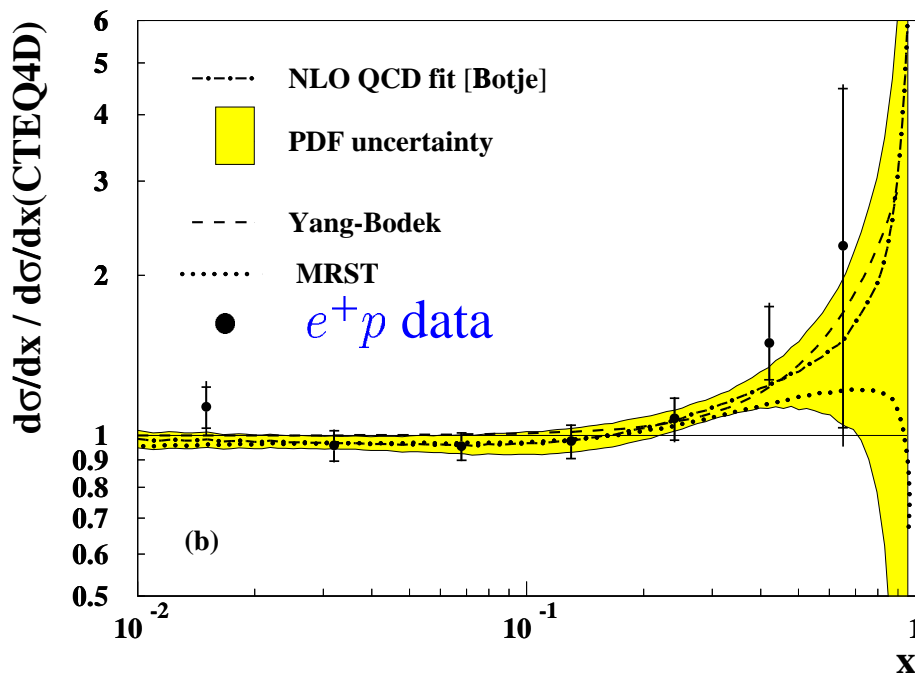
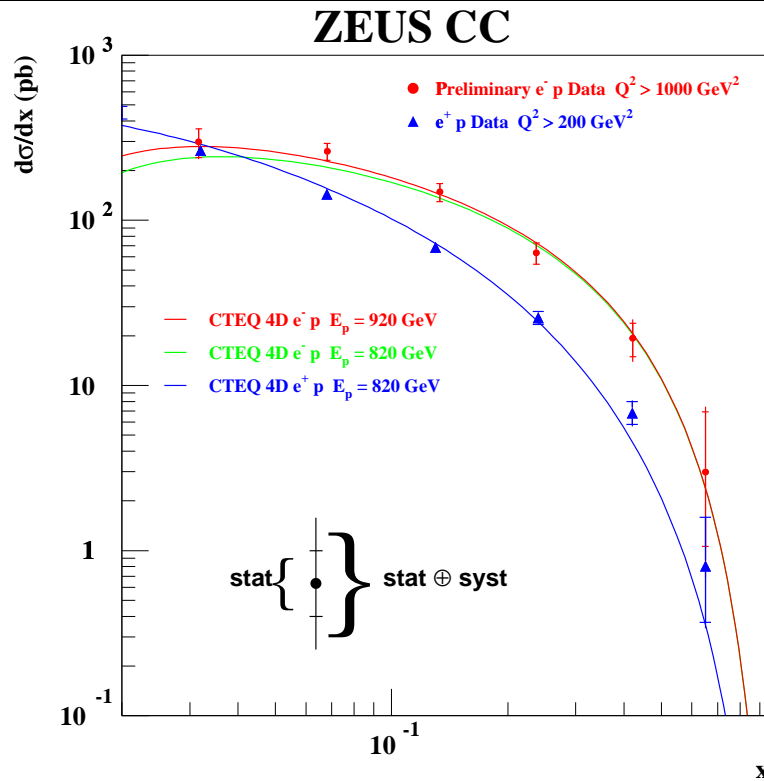
For fixed G_F (PDG value) :

$$M_{prop} = \begin{cases} 80.9 \pm 3.3(stat) \pm 1.7(syst) \pm 3.7(pdf) & \text{H1} \\ 81.4_{-2.6}^{+2.7}(stat) \pm 2.0(syst)_{-3.0}^{+3.3}(pdf) & \text{ZEUS} \end{cases}$$

\hookrightarrow Good agreement of **indirect determination (W space-like)** with world average from direct determinations (W time-like)

\Rightarrow Important test of the universality of the SM !

CC e^+p and e^-p $d\sigma/dx$



Parton densities not well constrained presently at high x

With e^+p and e^-p data \implies get u, d PDFs at high x

Parton Densities at High x

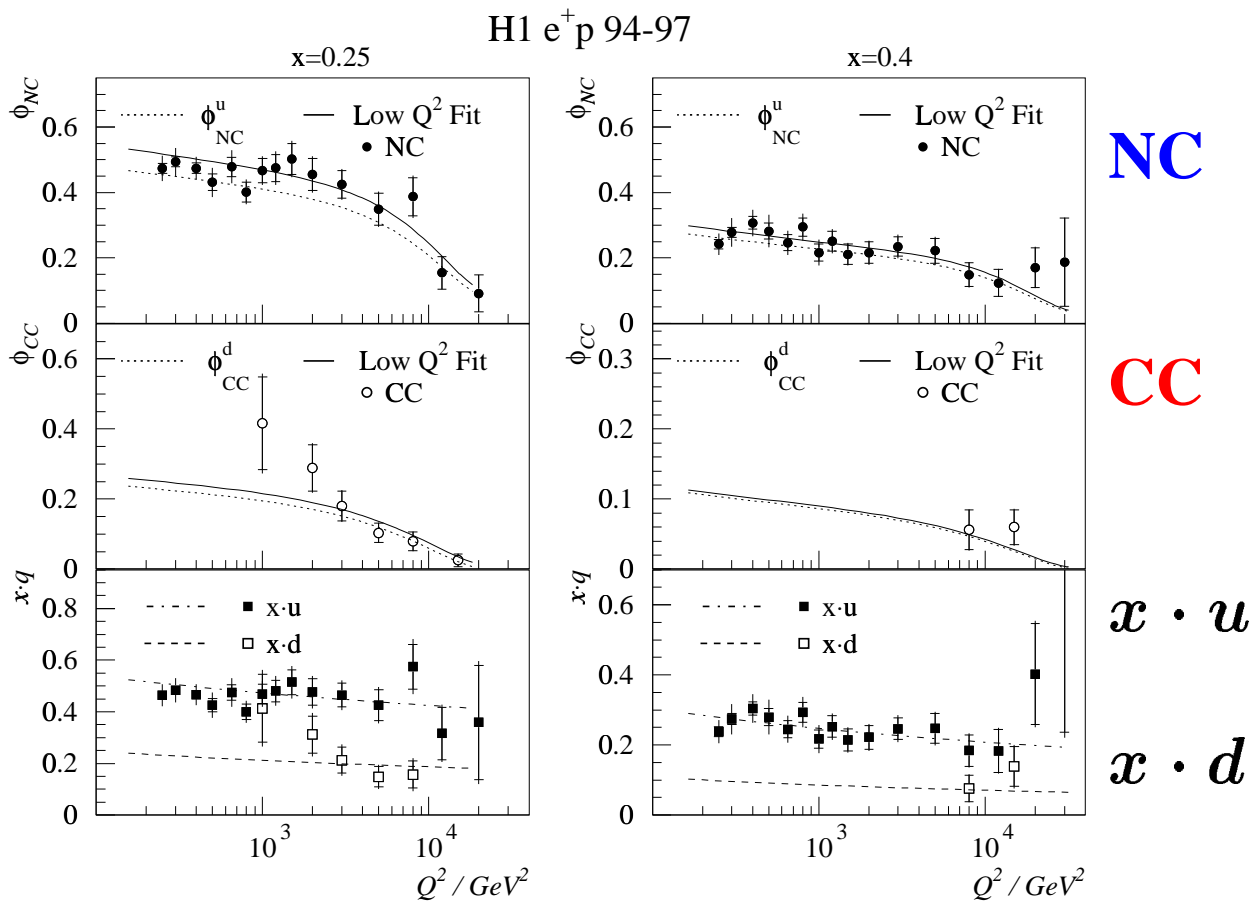
Define **reduced cross section** :

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC} = x \frac{2\pi}{G_F^2} \left(\frac{M_W^2 + Q^2}{M_W^2} \right)^2 \frac{d^2\sigma}{dx dQ^2}$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{NC}(e^+p) \sim \Phi_{NC} \sim (1 + (1 - y)^2)_{\Sigma} e_i^2 x q_i$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}(e^+p) \sim \Phi_{CC} \sim x\bar{u} + (1 - y)^2 x d$$

↪ Extract u and d quark densities

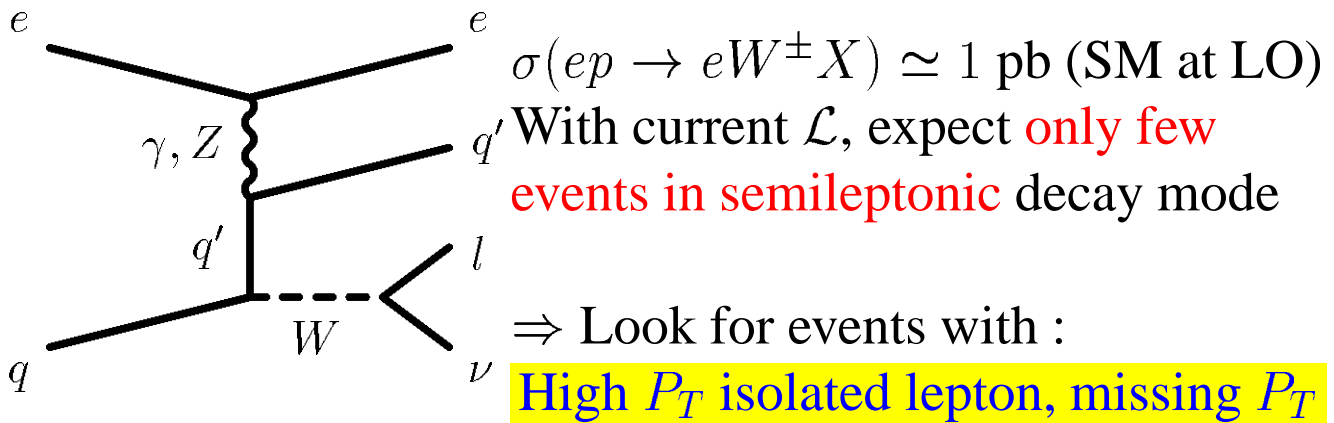


HERA upgrade welcome (more lumi)

W Production and Isolated Leptons

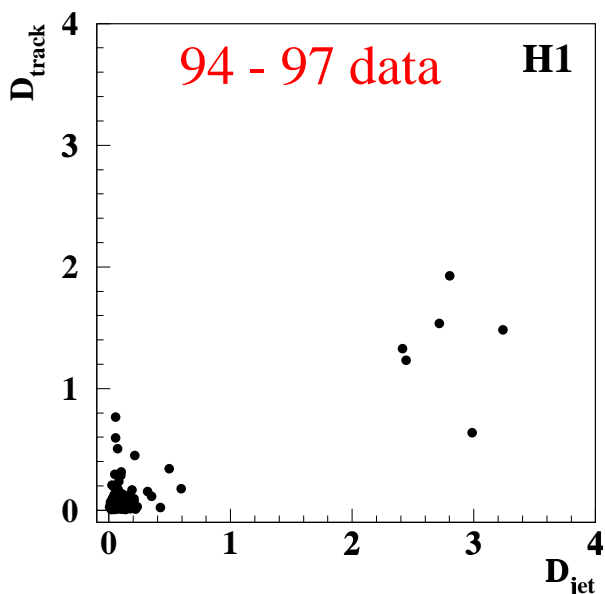
In the CC processes there is virtual W production.

At HERA, Ws can also be produced **directly**, mainly by :



\hookrightarrow Cuts :

- $\cancel{P}_T(\text{calo}) > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Track $P_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$
- The track is required to be isolated



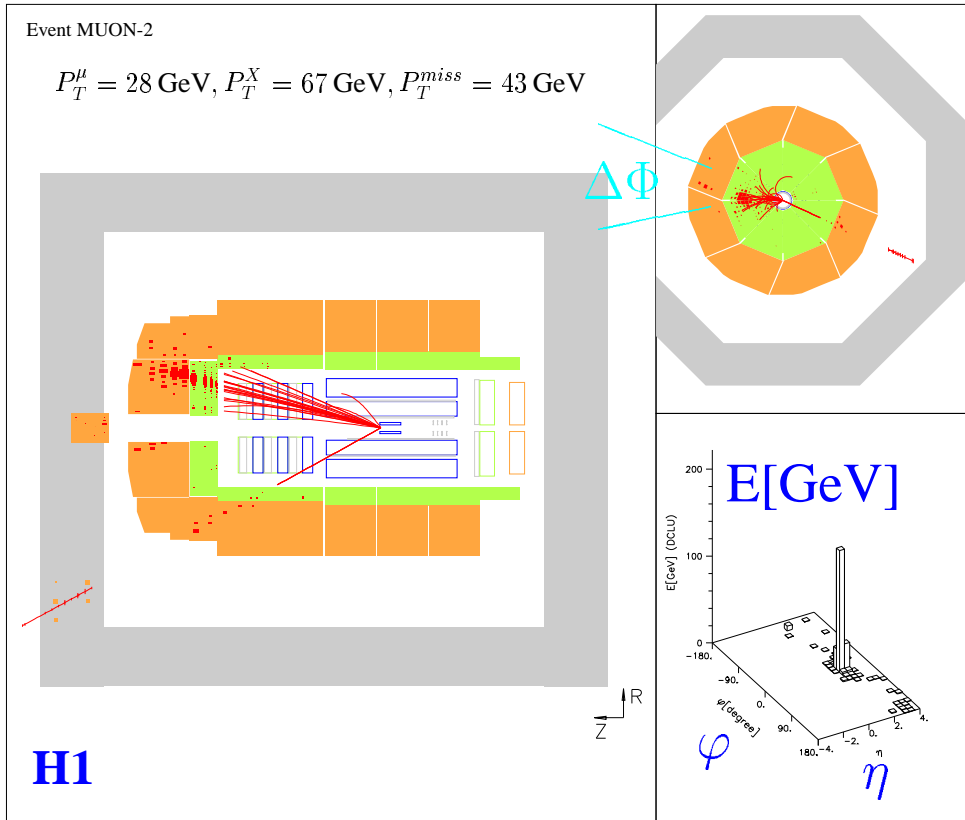
D_{track} : distance to closest track in $(\eta - \phi)$
 D_{jet} : distance to closest hadron jet in $(\eta - \phi)$

\hookrightarrow Cuts :

$D_{track} > 0.5$ and $D_{jet} > 1$

Isolated Leptons

$$e^+p \rightarrow \mu^+ X$$



μ^+

For this example :

$$P_T = 43.2_{-7.7}^{+6.1} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta\Phi = 23.4 \pm 4.2^\circ$$

$$M_T^{\mu\nu} = 22.8_{-4.2}^{+6.7} \text{ GeV}$$

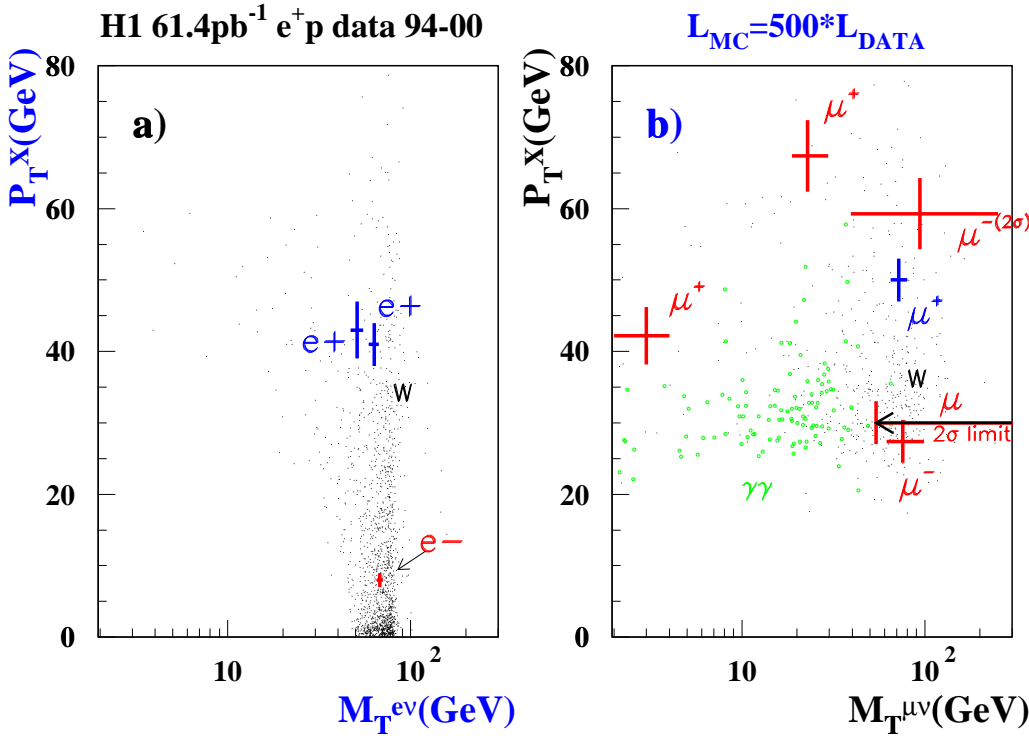
dataset	H1	ZEUS
94-97 e^+	$6 l + P_{T,miss} + X$ evts (5 μ , 1 e) 3 μ show abnormally large $P_{T,had}$ compared to SM backgrounds ($W, \gamma\gamma$)	3 e evts compatible with SM
98-99 e^-	0 evt observed	2 e evts compatible with SM

For spring 2000 conferences, updates using 99-00 e^+p data
 (18 pb^{-1} / 25 pb^{-1} for ZEUS/H1) \longrightarrow

H1 : **Extended** (phase space) analysis + enhanced background d rejection

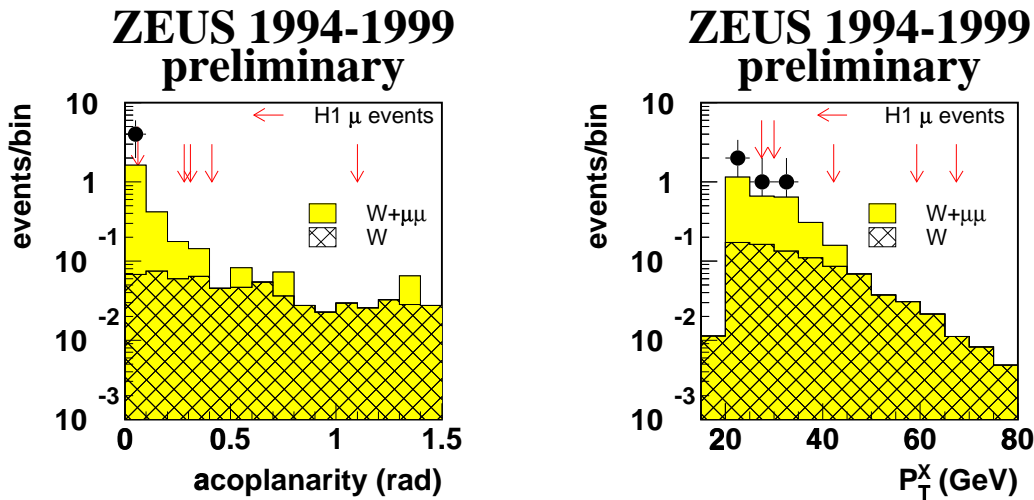
'2000' Update on W & Isolated Leptons

H1 : 3 new evts observed (1 μ , 2 e), all at large $P_{T,had}$:



H1 total (e^+ & e^-) with $P_{T,had} > 25$ GeV : **Data / SM = 8 / 2.7 ± 0.6**

ZEUS : 6 new evts (4 μ , 2 e) ; compatible with SM :



↓ : H1 μ events

Backgrounds shown are for ZEUS analysis

ZEUS total ($e^+ + e^-$) **(Data / SM) $_e$ = 7 / 6.1 ± 0.9**
(Data / SM) $_\mu$ = 4 / 3.7 ± 0.4

Summary

H1 and ZEUS have accumulated $\sim 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ since 1994, thanks to the very good performance of HERA and the detectors in the last 2 years.

- Overall good agreement with Standard Model
 - NC and CC cross sections up to highest Q^2
 - $x F_3$
 - M_W from CC
 - $u(x)$ & $d(x)$ at high x (need higher \mathcal{L})
- Searches for New Physics
 - no signs of it
- Need more study of
 - NC DIS at highest Q^2 and x
 - Isolated leptons

⇒ The HERA upgrade is welcome

Outlook

- HERA will stop in September for ≈ 9 months for an upgrade program aiming for a **5-fold increase in luminosity**
- Both **H1** and **ZEUS** detectors will be significantly modified to cope with the changes to the machine magnets and to upgrade their performance
- With the goal of $\simeq 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, achievable till ca 2006, as well as the availability of electron (positron) **polarization** the prospects for getting many exciting results in the near future look good.